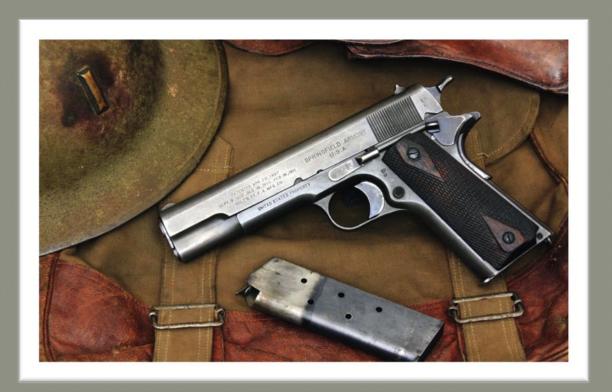


LSA Quarterly

Also in this Issue: Update 2018 Legislative Update

CMP 1911 Sales



Contents

•	2018 Annual Meeting and Elections	3
•	Approved Amendments to the By-Laws	4
•	CMP 1911 Sales Update	7
•	Legislative Update	14
•	Breaking in the .22 Varminter	18
•	LSA T-Shirts	21
•	Creating a New On-line Account	22
•	M1 Garand Raffle	26
•	Membership Application	27

The LSA was founded in 1966 as a tax-exempt, non-profit 501(c)(4) corporation dedicated to supporting the Second Amendment in Louisiana. Membership to the LSA is open to any individual, regardless of residency, or club, who may legally own and use a firearm, and who agree with the goals and policies of the LSA. The LSA does not discriminate and membership is open to all individuals regardless of sex, age, race, religion, sexual orientation, or nationality.

2018 Annual Meeting of Members and Elections

The 2018 Annual Meeting and Elections was held on February 18, 2018 at the Cabela's in Gonzales, LA. The Members-in-Good-Standing voted to seat the following Board of Directors. In addition, several minor changes to the By-Laws were adopted.

Election Results

Officers

President: Daniel E. Zelenka, II (Term Expires 2019)

Vice-President: Paul Angrisano (Term Expires 2019)

Secretary: Paul Prokop (Term Expires 2021) Treasurer: Jay D. Hunt, III (Term Expires 2021)

Member-at-Large:

Directors

Ron Duplessis (Term Expires 2021)

Clifford Grout (Term Expires 2020)

Gordon Hutchinson (Term Expires 2020)

Barret Kendrick (Term Expires 2019)

Ronald "Buck" Kliebert (Term Expires 2021)

John K. Laws (Term Expires 2019)

Gerald "Jerry" Liuzza (Term Expires 2020)

Joseph "Jay" Meynier (Term Expires 2019)

George Petras (Term Expires 2020)

Daniel Plunkett (Term Expires 2020)

Theophile "Ted" Torres (Term Expires 2021)

Alternate Directors

First Alternate: Dwayne Vidrine (Term Expires 2019) Second Alternate: John Grout (Term Expires 2019)

Proposed Changes to the By-Laws

The by-laws of the LSA were last amended January 20, 1991, well before the modern age of electronic communication. The Officers and Directors of the LSA proposed a number of amendments to the by-laws at the Annual Meeting of Members and Elections. The members-in-good-standing voted to approve these changes.

Article XIII of the LSA by-laws describes the procedure for amending the by laws. "These Bylaws may be amended or repealed by a two-thirds vote of the members entitled to vote present at any Annual Meeting of the Association duly called and regularly held, notice of such proposed changes having been sent in writing to the members entitled to vote thereon not less than thirty days before such meeting"

Approved

Article III, Section 2(a) currently reads, "Individual membership shall be open to all citizens or residents of the United States who are of good repute and are members of the National Rifle Association, who subscribe to the purposes and objectives of the Association, and who meet the specific requirements for the type of membership for which application is made. "

<u>Approved</u>: "Individual membership shall be open to all citizens or residents of the United States who are of good repute and are members of the National Rifle Association, who subscribe to the purposes and objectives of the Association, and who meet the specific requirements for the type of membership for which application is made.

Article III, Section 2(b)(ii) currently reads, "Junior Annual Membership shall be open to any person who has not yet achieved his twentieth birthday and who otherwise meets the qualifications for membership. Such members shall not be eligible to hold office or vote."

<u>Approved</u>: "Junior Annual Membership shall be open to any person who has not yet achieved his twentieth twenty-first birthday and who otherwise meets the qualifications for membership. Such members shall not be eligible to hold office or vote.

Article III, Section 3 outlining Organizational Memberships (clubs) currently reads, "Organizational Membership shall be open to all organized and operating clubs, associations, or other non-profit corporations which have five or more members subscribing to the purposes and objectives of the Association, which make application and tender the required dues, and which are approved for membership by the Board of Directors. Such membership shall be for a period of one year and is renewable upon application at the discretion of the Board of Directors. The Secretary shall issue an appropriate certificate of membership to each Organization Member"

Approved: Organizational Membership shall be open to all organized and operating clubs, associations, or other non-profit corporations which that have five or more members subscribing to the purposes and objectives of the Association, which that make application and tender the required dues, and which that are approved for membership by the Board of Directors. Such membership shall be for a period of one year and is renewable upon application at the discretion of the Board of Directors. The Club Life membership will be for the life of the club. The Secretary shall issue an appropriate certificate of membership to each Organization Member."

Article IV, Section 1 currently reads, "On the third Sunday of January of each year the Association shall conduct a meeting for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting. The exact date, time and place of this meeting shall be determined by the Executive Committee. Not less than 10 day's notice of this meeting, specifying the date, time and place of meeting, shall be provided to all members of the Association by first class mail. If this meeting cannot be held due to an act of God, or otherwise, it shall be held at the earliest convenient time, at the discretion of the President."

Approved: "On the third Sunday of January of each year No earlier than January 1 and no later that February 28, the Association shall conduct a meeting for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting. The exact date, time and place of this meeting shall be determined by the Executive Committee. Not less than 10 day's notice of this meeting, specifying the date, time and place of meeting, shall be provided to all members of the Association by first class mail. If this meeting cannot be held due to an act of God, or otherwise, it shall be held at the earliest convenient time, at the discretion of the President."

CMP 1911 Sales

If you read nothing else in this article, please read this.

PLEASE DO NOT CALL, LEAVE MESSAGES OR EMAIL THE CMP 1911 CUSTOMER SERVICE/SALES DEPARTMENT (which will be functional June 4, 2018) NOR THE CMP CUSTOMER SERVICE/SALES DEPARTMENT. They have no further information beyond what is in this article at this time.

However, all ordering information will be included in the 1911 packet posted June 4, 2018. The information contained in the packet should answer ALL QUESTIONS regarding the ordering process. ORDERS WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED BEFORE SEPTEMBER 4, 2018. ORDERS RECEIVED BEFORE THAT DATE WILL BE DESTROYED.

The recent announcement by the Civilian Marksmanship Program that they will obtain surplus Model of 1911 pistols for sale to the public has sparked a tremendous amount of interest by collectors and shooters alike. If you have ordered



rifles from the CMP in the past, you may think you're an "old hat" at this sort of thing, but think again. The CMP plans to sell the M1911 pistols through a very different mechanism than their rifle sales. So, if you're an old hat or brand new to purchasing firearms from the CMP, read on.

But first let me answer one of the most common questions. Yes, being a member of the LSA satisfies the requirement to be a member of a CMP-affiliated club.

All of the information that follows can be found on the CMP's website at http://thecmp.org/cmp_sales/1911-information/

First the good news. The CMP will be selling model 1911 pistols in 2018. The bad news is that there are fewer for sale this year than anticipated. While the National Defense Authorization Act granted transfer of a maximum of 10,000 model 1911 pistols per year to the CMP, the Secretary of the Army allowed only 8,000 pistols to be transferred to the CMP for sale and distribution this fiscal year. Some of those are anticipated to be unusual and worthy of being auctioned. The remaining number will be sold based on a computerized Random Number Generator. The CMP does not know what next year's allotment might be.

The procedures for purchasing 1911 type pistols from "CMP 1911" are very different from the purchase of rifles from the "CMP."

Note, the CMP has formed a new entity called **CMP 1911**. Every applicant will be treated as a new customer to CMP. Previous purchases or relationships with CMP create no advantage or disadvantage to the customer. **CMP 1911** is an FFL governed operation and is a separate entity from CMP and has its own record keeping operation with no ties to the existing CMP records. That means that even if you're a long time customer of CMP, you're getting a new CMP 1911 customer number if you buy a model 1911 pistol.

- The CMP 1911 order form packet will be posted on the CMP website http://thecmp.org onJune 4, 2018 for download click on CMP 1911 icon to be taken to the order form packet.
- The CMP 1911 customer service number is 256-835-8455 extension 461. (This number is non operational until June 4, 2018).

- The CMP 1911 customer service email address cmp1911@thecmp.org. (Please do not email questions about the ordering process until the order packet is posted June 4, 2018.
 All information needed to order a CMP 1911 is in the order packet.)
- Only <u>ONE</u> CMP 1911 order form packet per customer may be submitted.
- CMP 1911 order form packet must be mailed to the following address. This includes USPS, UPS, Fed Ex, etc. Orders must be postmarked NOT PRIOR TO September 4, 2018 and NOT AFTER October 4, 2018. Any orders received postmarked prior to September 4 will not be accepted. Hand delivered, emailed and faxed orders will not be accepted. Only orders sent to the following CMP 1911 address will be accepted:

CMP 1911 1800 Roberts Drive Anniston, AL 36207

• Customer names from complete CMP 1911 order form packets will be fed into a computerized Random Number Generator on October 5, 2018. The Random Number Generator will provide a list of names in sequential order through the random picking process. Customers will be contacted in the sequence provided by the Random Number Generator. The CMP 1911 customers will select their grade of pistol (Service, Field or Rack) from available inventory at the time of order notification. Customers with higher numbers may have fewer grades from which to choose. When this year's allotment of 1911s is exhausted, the remaining orders will be held in the existing sequence for all future allotments of 1911s. The CMP does not know what future allotments might be.

CMP 1911 FFL contact information details:

- All model 1911 pistols will be shipped to a 01, 02 or 07 Federal Firearms License. Customers MUST provide a signed copy of the 01, 02 or 07 FFL.
- The CMP 1911 has a dedicated fax number 256-831-2354 for FFL dealers to fax their FFLs with the customer's name attached.



- The CMP 1911 dedicated email address cmp1911FFL@thecmp.org can be used by dealers to send their FFLs with customer's name attached.
- The CMP 1911 is currently accepting FFL contacts pursuant to FFL requirements.

CMP 1911 pricing:

The CMP has priced the 1911 type pistols at fair market value in accordance with CMP's enabling legislation.

<u>Service Grade \$1050</u>. Pistol may exhibit minor pitting and wear on exterior surfaces and friction surfaces. Grips are complete with no cracks. Pistol is in issuable condition.

<u>Field Grade \$950</u>. Pistol may exhibit minor rust, pitting, and wear on exterior surfaces and friction surfaces. Grips are complete with no cracks. Pistol is in issuable condition.

<u>Rack Grade \$850</u>. Pistol will exhibit rust, pitting, and wear on exterior surfaces and friction surfaces. Grips may be incomplete and exhibit cracks. Pistol requires minor work to return to issuable condition.

<u>Auction Grade</u> (Sales will to be determined by auctioning the pistol). The condition of the auction pistol will be described when posted for auction. <u>Note:</u> If you have already purchased a 1911 from CMP you will not be allowed to purchase an auction 1911. If you purchase an auction 1911, your name will be pulled from the sequenced list. No repeat purchasers are allowed until all orders received have been filled.

The shipping cost is included in the price.

Additional CMP 1911 details:

• Potential purchasers will have to provide CMP with a set of CMP 1911 documents exhibiting: 1) proof of U.S. Citizenship, 2) proof of membership in a CMP affiliated club, 3) proof of participation in a marksmanship activity, 4) a completed 1911 order form, including a new form 2A with notary, 5) a signed copy of the 01, or 02, or 07 Federal Firearms License in which the 1911 will be transferred to. All qualifying documents must be included in your order packet. No qualifying documents, other than the FFL, will be accepted without an order packet. Note: The signed copy of the FFL may be faxed or emailed to CMP 1911 with the customer name attached. CMP Eligibility Requirements for ordering may be viewed on the CMP website at:

http://thecmp.org/cmp_sales/rifle_sales/eligibility-requirements/.

- A NICS background check on each customer will be performed by the FBI to assure the customer is eligible to purchase prior to shipment to the FFL licensed dealer. The customer must receive a "proceed" from NICS prior to shipment of the pistol to the FFL licensed dealer.
- The CMP customer will be required to complete a Form 4473 in person at the FFL dealer's place of business and successfully pass a NICS check, in which the information is provided by the FFL holder to NICS, before the pistol can be transferred. This is a second NICS check performed on the customer. <u>Note:</u> The FFL licensed dealer in which the pistol is retrieved from will have to follow all federal, state, and local laws.
- All orders by customers will have to be filled prior to any customer getting the opportunity to purchase a second CMP 1911.
- No 1911s will be available in the CMP stores, or on-line. Only mail order sales will be accepted. All 1911 orders must be delivered via USPS, UPS, Fed EX, etc. to the CMP 1911 address listed above. No in store or at the door drop off orders will be accepted.
- CMP will stop accepting orders at the end of business on October 4, 2018. Customer's names will be loaded into the Random Number Generator. The sequenced order for customers will be established and each time CMP receives 1911s, customer orders will be filled in the originally established sequence. No one will be allowed to repeat purchase until all orders are filled.
- The customer's sequence number will be sent to the individual via email once such sequence number is established.
- Customers will be contacted in the sequence provided by the Random Number Generator. Pistol grade and payment arrangement will be established when the customer is contacted by CMP sales staff at time of purchase. **DO NOT send payment with your 1911 order.** Customers will have 5 days to submit payment once notified.
- Models 1911 from CMP will be allowed in California because they meet the California definition of Curio and Relic. They will ship to 01, or 02, or 07 FFLs in California.

- At of the time of this release, only the state of Massachusetts will not allow the sale of the 1911/1911A1 pistol.
- All required information is included in this release. If you have questions, please email the address listed above. If you choose to call the number listed, please be prepared for a long wait time.

Note: 1911 type pistols purchased from CMP cannot be transferred to 03 FFL (curio and relic) license holders. CMP's legislation contained in the 2018 NDAA specifies FFL licensed dealers. BATF and the United States Army prefer the second background check be performed by the FBI on an FFL licensed dealer's premises.

From the volume of phone calls and emails we've received since this announcement, "proof of participation in a marksmanship activity" has many people baffled. Here are some things that might help you understand this requirement. You must provide proof of participation in a marksmanship related activity or otherwise show familiarity with the safe handling of firearms and range procedures. Your marksmanship related activity does not have to be with a M1911 pistol; it can be with small bore rifles, high power rifles, pistols, air guns or shotguns.

Proof of marksmanship participation can be provided by documenting any of the following:

- Current or past military or law enforcement service.
- Participation in a rifle, pistol, air gun or shotgun competition (provide copy of results bulletin).
- > Completion of a marksmanship clinic that included live fire training (provide a copy of the certificate of completion or a statement from the instructor).
- Distinguished, Instructor, or Coach status.
- Concealed Carry License.
- Firearms Owner Identification Card that includes live fire training.
- > FFL or C&R license.
- Completion of a Hunter Safety Course that included live fire training.
- No proof of marksmanship required if over age 60.

Legislative Update



As the adage goes, "The best defense is a good offense." Michael Bloomberg certainly used his billions of dollars to apply this principal to Louisiana during the 2018 legislative session, as he attempted to export his ultra-liberal nanny state northeastern philosophy where it definitely wasn't wanted. Michael Bloomberg paid millions of dollars to support liberal closed-minded democrats in both the House and Senate, along with "grassroots" organizations like Mothers Demand Action and Every Town for Gun Safety. Together, they introduced dozens of poorly worded and overbroad anti-gun bills at the State Capitol, which forced the Louisiana Shooting Association, the NRA, and many other pro-Second Amendment forces to play defense the entire session.

LSA Directors Dan Zelenka, Jay Hunt, Paul Angrisano, Gordon Hutchinson, Clifford Grout, and Barret Kendrick along with many LSA members coordinated with NRA Legislative Liaison Erin Luper, the Home Defense Foundation, and others to testify at the House Administration of Criminal Justice committee, and the Senate Judiciary B and Judiciary C committees.

The following is a list of bills either supported or opposed by the LSA and their outcomes. The LSA thanks all of those members who contacted legislators when asked, and gave up their precious time to come to the Capitol for hearings. Your hard work paid off in a very difficult year!

OPPOSED by LSA:

SB491 by Sen. Troy Carter (D-7) sought to ban the importation, manufacture, sale, purchase, possession, or transfer of bump stocks and other "rapid-fire" devices. The broad and overreaching language could have potentially criminalized firearm modifications such as competition triggers, and ergonomic changes that are commonly done by law-abiding gun owners to make their firearms more suitable for self-defense, competition, hunting, or even overcoming disability. This bill passed out of the Senate Judiciary B committee on a party-line vote. (Passed out of committee, but as of May 14, has not been called for vote on the Senate floor)

HB473 by Rep. Patricia Smith (D-67), which was essentially the exact same bill as Sen. Carter's SB491, was heard by the House Administration of Criminal Justice committee. Unlike the Senate Judiciary B committee, all Republican and the single Independent Representative saw that this was bad legislation and voted against it. (Failed at committee level on a vote of 7-yeas to 11-nays)

**HB736* by Rep. Terry Landry (D-96) would have been a very broad "assault weapon ban" that would have included pistols with 10-round magazines and a threaded barrel in the ban (i.e., your Ruger 22/45 and Ruger 10/22 squirrel rifle would have been "assault weapons."). The testimony included a cameo from former anti-gun Representative Helena Moreno. (Failed at committee level on a vote of 7-yeas to 9-nays)

SB274 by Sen. Troy Carter (D-7) sought to prohibit the sale of any "assault weapon" to any person under the age of twenty-one years of age. Under the Civil Code, a person who has reached the age of 18 is an adult with all of the rights provided under our Constitution. Raising the age from 18 years of to 21-years-old affects the constitutional rights of over 185,000 law abiding Louisiana adults. Under current law, these adults have the right to vote, marry, contract, join the military and purchase firearms. Many live on their own, including those who are married or are single parents. Some are even military veterans. Surprisingly, the bill made it out

of Senate Judiciary C committee because one of the Republican senators on the committee said he heard from more anti-gun people than pro-gun people. After his vote, he heard from so many pro-gun people in his district that he voted against the bill on the Senate floor. This illustrates the importance of calling and writing committee members when the request is made by the LSA and NRA. (Failed on Senate floor by a vote of 9-yeas and 26-nays)

HB277 by Rep. Denise Marcelle (D-61) would have prohibited the sale of assault rifles to any person under the age of twenty-one years. This bill was essentially the same as Sen. Carter's SB274. Rep. Marcelle saw how SB274 was treated on the Senate floor, and she decided to voluntarily defer the bill twice and, by House rules, the bill died. (Died at committee level)

SB155 by Sen. Troy Carter (D-7) would have prohibited the sale of any weapon to any person under the age of twenty-one. Even the author realized that this bill was far too broad and voluntarily withdrew the bill from consideration. (Withdrawn)

HB400 by Rep. John Bagneris (D-100) would have created a 10-day waiting period to purchase any firearm. Note that Rep. Bagneris recently said during testimony that he would like to see the "antiquated Second Amendment repealed." He is a member of the House Administration of Criminal Justice committee. (Failed at committee level on vote of 6-yeas to 10-nays)

HB852 by Rep. Gary Carter (D-102) was an attempt to close the non-existent "gun show loophole" that liberals love to say exists, and people who actually buy and sell firearms can never seem to find no matter how many gun shows they attend! (Failed at committee level on a vote of 7-yeas to 9-nays)

SE185 by Sen. Wesley Bishop (D-4) was an attempt to allow New Orleans to exempt themselves from State firearms laws, and enact stricter laws on law-abiding gun owners. When Sen. Bishop presented the bill at the Senate Judiciary B committee, he allowed his anti-gun witnesses from Mothers Demand Action to testify, and then seeing that two of his fellow Democrats were not in their seats

at the committee hearing, he voluntarily withdrew the bill from consideration. (The bill is still technically alive and could be heard by Judiciary B before the end of the session)

SUPPORTED by LSA:

HB602 by Rep. Blake Miguez (R-49) would allow concealed handgun permit holders, that are not an employee of the school, to carry a concealed handgun on any campus in Louisiana. The bill passed by unanimous vote in the House Administration of Criminal Justice committee, and passed on the House floor 59-yeas to 37-nays with 9-abstain. (The bill is scheduled to be heard by the Senate Judiciary B committee on May 15, 2018)

HB892 by Rep. Mark Wright (R-77), although not technically a firearms bill, was supported by the LSA. The bill would repeal the prohibition on the manufacturing, ownership, possession, and custody of switchblade knives while preserving the prohibition of the intentional concealment of these knives. Many LSA members also collect bladed weapons, and switchblades are valuable collector items. The bill was passed by both chambers of the legislature. (Passed and awaiting the Governor's signature)

SB402 by Sen. Neil Riser (R-32) would allow for concealed carry by authorized persons in places of worship. The bill passed out of the Senate Judiciary B committee and passed on a Senate floor vote 34-yeas to 3-nays. The bill was referred to the House for consideration. The bill passed out of the Administration of Criminal Justice committee on a straight party-line vote of 9-yeas to 7-nays, and passed on a floor vote of 81-yeas to 10-nays. (Passed and awaiting the Governor's signature)

BREAKING IN THE .22 VARMINTER

By Gordon Hutchinson

I was more than a little frustrated, and embarrassed to boot. Invited to Jeff and Karen Lewis' Agriana Plantation in Tensas Parish, I had promised to help them sight-in Karen's new .22-250 bolt-action rifle. I was really looking forward to the trip. Jeff loves to shoot, and has enough flat former cotton fields, acres of cypress brake, and heavy oak bottoms to allow great distance shooting--shooting I rarely am able to enjoy anywhere else.

We had been sitting on the range all afternoon long, and the cursed

rifle would not settle in.
I was pouring rounds
through the barrel,
cleaning it, and watching
groups go from
reasonably good to just
plain awful. Every 8-10
rounds I was giving the
barrel a good scrubbing
with a copper solvent,
and then wiping the bore
with Kano Kroil, the



penetrating "oil that creeps."

I had warned them the .22 centerfires sometimes need excessive shooting and cleaning to break in the barrel and get optimum accuracy. I hadn't expected it to take as long as it was taking—and I had never sat down and tried to do it all in one afternoon. To the non-participant, this process is about as exciting as watching paint dry. Shoot a group. Clean the barrel. Shoot a fouling shot. Watch the fouling shot go six inches out of the last group. See the next group larger than the last one. See the next group shoot as tight as the original. See the groups open up because the barrel is getting fouled again. Let the barrel cool. Repeat.

See what I mean? Karen, who loves to shoot, finally wore out, and went back to the house. In Jeff's favor, he is fascinated by engineering dilemmas, and the procedure of making the rifle shoot was intriguing him.

The last .22-250 I broke in and sighted was my own, the triangular-barreled Remington Varmint Tactical Rifle (VTR). Over several shooting sessions, I fired over 80 rounds before the barrel settled in and started giving me consistent groups. I test fired it on Jeff's range at 200 yards—it hit the aiming point with 2 shots that could be covered with a dime. I swabbed the barrel with a dry patch and put it up, gently encasing it in a hard-sided case. If I got a shot at a coyote, it would be this rifle I leveled on it.

Now, Karen's rifle was giving me the same kind of fits. I was beginning to wonder if the Federal Premium bullets might be at fault. Maybe the rifle just didn't like this particular load. But it didn't really make sense. The .22-250 is famous for its accuracy and amiable acceptance of a wide range of powders and bullets. Another name for an early version was the ".22 Varminter." When you hear an old-timer refer to the round with that term, you know he's been shooting rifles a long time.

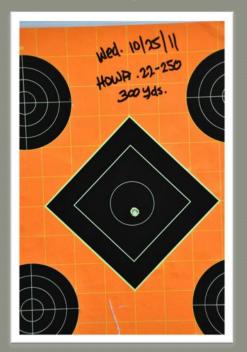
So many factors must be taken into account when breaking in a new rifle. For instance, this was a Howa 1500 bolt action, but it was set in an after-market, injection molded stock by Blackhawk! Products GroupTM (www.blackhawk.com) called an AxiomTM. This stock sports a pistol grip, and an expandable buttstock like those on many AR-15 style semi-auto rifles. It was this feature that attracted them--the length could be reduced, making the rifle much more comfortable for Karen to shoot. Sometimes, aftermarket stocks are not as well-fitted as factory designs, and this lack of precision fit can seriously affect the rifle's accuracy. Fortunately, this turned out to not be the case.

The bullets were 55 grain Sierra Game King Boat-Tail Hollow Points (BTHP). This weight is at the upper end of the most accurate weights for this caliber. The SAAMI (Sporting Arms and Ammunition Manufacturers Institute) specifications call for an

extremely slow 1 in 14 twist in the barrel. Thus, according to Remington engineers, my rifle (and most .22-250 barrels) would perform better (shoot tighter groups) with the lighter weight bullets. Over 55 grains and the slow twist just would not stabilize the bullet enough for optimum accuracy. But Federal Premium carries a well-deserved reputation for quality and accuracy. The box claimed a muzzle velocity of 3650 fps—pretty much an average velocity for a round that stayed around for decades after its stablemate, the .220 Swift, fell from favor for running out at over 4000 feet per second, and burning up barrels.

Suddenly, shooting at 200 yards, I saw the rounds begin to fall into place. I asked Jeff to look through the spotting scope and watch. "It's starting to happen," I said. Six shots went into 2" at 200 yards. The Swarovski 5-25x52 was clear as a crisp fall morning, and I could see the bullet holes. Three of the shots were inside of an inch—all were dead center of the aiming point. We had finally, after 80+ rounds, polished out the bore, cleaned up the microscopic imperfections, and deposited a copper film filling the tiny depressions. The rifle was finally behaving!

We decided to take one Hail Mary shot at 300 yards. The rifle was dead-point-of-aim at 200. The wind, erratic all afternoon, had died down. The light was starting to fade. It was time. Taking as solid a



rest as I could gain on my Caldwell Lead Sled, I placed the vertical crosshair bisecting the aiming circle in the center of the "Dirty Bird®" splatter target—not the preferred choice for extreme long range shooting, but that's what we had left. Taking a WAG (ballistically, a Wild-Ass Guess), I placed the horizontal crosshair 3.5" above the center aiming point, and carefully pushed the trigger on the HOWA 1500 action straight back. We had to get in the Honda off-road vehicle to drive down to the target, at that range, even the spotting scope plays tricks with your eyes.

As we approached the target, we started giggling like idiots, the afternoon of shooting addling our brains. The round had dropped 4 inches in the 100 yard distance from 200 to 300 yards, and had landed slightly below center horizontally, dead center vertically in the aiming circle. We drove back to the shooting bench with the target, and cradled the rifle like a newborn all the way back to the house.

Karen emailed the target to friends all over the country, and started hunting the rifle the next day. Jeff is forever borrowing it to carry in his truck, so another session is probably in the works for a new .22-250.

LSA T-Shirts

Our T-shirts are silk screened onto Gildan Ultra Cotton high quality T-shirts. All of our T-shirts feature the LSA "Small Logo" on the left breast and the LSA "Large Logo" on the back of the shirt. The standard Green State with Black Letters is used on the Gray, Sand, and Gold shirts. The Black and White logo is used on the Military Green Shirt.

Louisiana Shooting Association

Louisiana Shooting Association

Sports Grey

Sand

Listing Resident Residence of Shorts Grey, Sand, and Gold Shirts

Listing Resident Residence of Shirts

Listing Resident Residence of Shirts

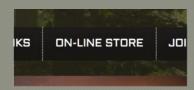
Back Logo for Sports Grey, Sand, and Gold Shirts

Back Logo for Military, Green Shirts Only

Click

"ON-LINE STORE"

on our website!



Our New Power | Database Software is Here!

The LSA has invested in the future and moved to a new and very powerful database software, which will allow us to service our members better.

What you need to know: if you are a member of the LSA, or have ever been a member of the LSA, you are in our database. You may or may not have an online account. The benefits of having an on-line account are:

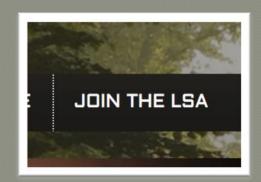
- You can print your membership card anytime you like.
- You can join or renew your membership online, reducing the amount of work for the Treasurer.
- You are ensured of getting our newsletter and legislative updates sent by email.
- You can update your address, email address, or phone number anytime you like.
- You can purchase items online.

When you first create an online account there will be a delay in being able to log into your account. A actual human has to look at your information and match it to your existing data in our database.

In some instances, people have created three or more older online accounts that a human has to combine. This will not be possible in the future!

STEP ONE – Creating the New On-line Account

The easiest way to create your new on-line account is to click the "JOIN THE LSA" link on the homepage. Even if you are not planning or joining or renewing, this will allow you to create an account.



STEP TWO - Choose "Individual Membership"

If you are an individual, which is the vast majority of people in the LSA database, click on the "Individual Membership" link.

Join The LSA

Please note that we recently improved our membership database abilities. This will require everyone to create a new account. When you click the buttons below you will be taken to our new database system. The system is much more powerful than what the LSA has used in the past.

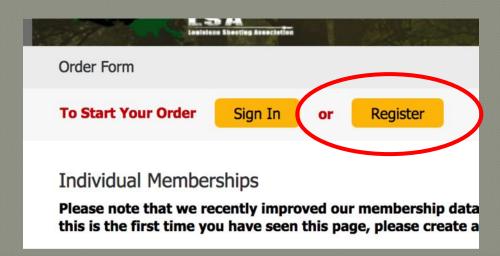
The LSA has two basic types of memberships: (1) Individual Memberships and (2) Club Memberships.

Individual Membership (Annual Member or Life Member) is for people of any age. The Junior Membership is specifically for people aged 20 years or less and is designed so that the whole family can join without breaking the bank.

Club Membership is not for people, but for Gun Clubs, Hunting Clubs, Gun Stores, or any other group of people who support the mission of the LSA. Think of the Club Membership as a membership for organizations. The LSA fights for your club's or store's ability to enjoy your Second Amendment rights. Clubs who join the LSA have the ability to host NRA-Sponsored State Championships.

If you are an individual trying to join or renew your membership in the LSA, please choose Individual Membership.

STEP THREE - Choose "Register"



STEP FOUR – Fill in your information

If you already have an account, you'll be notified. It will not hurt to try this out even if you think you might already have a new account. If you have not set up a new account since March 23, 2018, then you do not have an on-line account in the new system.

Go ahead and set one up today!

> Sign In	+ Register	
First name: Last name:		
Confirm Email: This is my work email This is my home email		
Continue Cancel	er)	

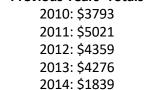
STEP FIVE – Complete the form and click "Submit"

> S	ign In + Register
	Household Info Mailing Address Line 1 *
	Mailing Address Line 2
	City * State *
	Zip *
	Primary Phone (mobile preferred) * ex. 5155551212
	Personal Info First Name: LaDoronafus
	Middle Name
	Last Name: Johnson
	Suffix
	Nickname
	Secondary Email ladonjohnson@johnson.cor
	Birth Date (req'd if under 21) mm / dd / yyyy
	Gender
	Login Info
	Email: ladonjohnson@johnson.com
	Password:
	Confirm Password:
	Submit

2018 M1 Garand Raffle

All Proceeds Support Junior Shooting Programs in Previous Years' Totals

Louisiana



2015: \$978 2016: \$1998

2017: \$1574



The 2017 Winner was Eliska Plunkett of Mandeville, Louisiana The 2018 Winner could be...YOU!

> To obtain raffle tickets, please complete the form, make a check payable to the Louisiana Shooting Association, and mail to:

Louisiana Shooting Association c/o Jay D. Hunt, Treasurer 350 Quill Ct. Slidell, LA 70461

Drawing to be Held on October 21, 2017 Winner need not be present at drawing to win Please \$5.00 minimum purchase for mail orders.



Name



Mailing Address

E-mail Address _____

M1 GARAND RAFFLE TICKET REQUEST FORM

LSA	ASSOCIATION	
_Zip _		

Daytime Phone Number _	
Please send me	tickets at \$1.00 per ticket. Total Enclosed \$
I would like to save the cost of p	ostage by having the LSA hold my ticket stubs and send a confirmation

e-mail that my donation was received.

I would prefer that the LSA mail my ticket stubs to me.



The Louisiana Shooting Association, Inc.

An NRA-Affiliated, 501(c)(4) Tax-Exempt, Non-Profit State Association founded in 1966

Membership Application

Louisiana Shooting Association c/o Jay D. Hunt, III, Treasurer 350 Quill Court Slidell. LA 70461

□Ne	ew Member Renewal
Name	
Mailing Address	
City, ST Zip Code	
E-mail Address	DIFACE DRINITI
Cell phone	T LLMOL I MIIVI :
Home phone	
	for official, important LSA communication. You will not receive junk mail, offers, jokes, or your name, address, telephone number, or e-mail address be shared with any outside
LSA Number (Renewal, if known)	
NRA Number (optional)	
USA Shooting Number (optional)	
Shooting Club Memberships	
NEW POLICY: Memberships will be valid for a lindividual: \$15.00/year years Individual Life Membership: \$300.00	□ Junior: \$5.00/year years For those under age 21 only, Date of Birth
_	
Club: \$40.00/year years	Club Life Membership: \$400.00
Signature	Total Enclosed
Date	Make Check Payable to Louisiana Shooting Association, Inc
Name of Defending March on if any (DDINITI)	Constitution of the Consti
Name of Referring Member, if any (PRINT!)	Credit Card No CV2
	Name on Card
	Signature